





# PETROLEUM REFINING

# GENSUS OF MANUFACTURES 1967



ONTARIO STATISTICAL CENTRE
ECONOMIC AND STATISTICAL SERVICES DIVISION
DEPARTMENT OF TREASURY AND ECONOMICS



# **CENSUS OF MANUFACTURES**

1967

#### DEPARTMENT OF TREASURY AND ECONOMICS

Hon. Charles S. MacNaughton,
Treasurer of Ontario and Minister of Economics
H. Ian Macdonald,
Deputy Minister

# PETROLEUM REFINING

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#### SYMBOLS

- \* Confidential
- S Suppressed to protect confidential items
- Nil or Zero
- -- Amount too small to be expressed
- .. Figures not available
- ... Figures not appropriate or not applicable
- () Figures within brackets are negative

#### NOTES

- 1. Figures may not add to the total because of rounding.
- To ensure confidentiality, confidential items are either combined with other items or suppressed.
- If an item is combined with other items, this is indicated by brackets or by footnotes.
- 4. Where a confidential item cannot be meaningfully combined with other items, the confidential item is suppressed by placing an asterisk instead of the actual figure, and the confidential item lumped with "All others".

#### INTRODUCTION

This report is one of a series designed to provide information on industries and products covered in the 1966 and 1967 Census of Manufactures. The collection of manufacturing data by the Ontario Statistical Centre is carried out under a statistical arrangement negotiated with the Dominion Bureau of Statistics in accordance with the provisions of the Federal and Provincial Statistics Acts.

The use of the same questionnaire as the Dominion Bureau of Statistics provides for comparability of national and provincial manufacturing statistics. In a few cases, there may be slight variances between the statistics published by the Ontario Statistical Centre and the Dominion Bureau of Statistics. These are mainly due to different interpretations in editing and may also be the result of estimating outstanding questionnaires. As new information becomes available, the statistics may be revised.

The classification of establishments included in this report is based upon the definitions embodied in the Dominion Bureau of Statistics Standard Industrial Classification. "Concepts and Definitions" notes prepared by the Dominion Bureau of Statistics for the Census of Manufactures are included in this report.

All correspondence concerning this report should be directed to the Ontario Statistical Centre.

Petroleum Refining includes establishments primarily engaged in refining crude petroleum.

In 1967, the value of manufacturing shipments by the Petroleum Refining
Industry in Ontario was \$505 million, an increase of 2 per cent over 1966. Ontario's
shipments represented 34 per cent of the total Canadian shipments. Average production employment in manufacturing activity showed an increase of 1 per cent from
1966. Value added by manufacture amounted to \$82 million, an increase of 7 per cent
from 1966. Value added for total activity increased by 8 per cent.

TABLE 1

PRINCIPAL STATISTICS, ONTARIO AND CANADA, 1965 TO 1967

													1/2		
	Value	added	\$,000		76,116	77,026	82,860	249,233	260,439	274,873	30	18			
ivities	Employees	Salaries and wages	\$,0		20,450	22,622	24,906	63,272	69,581	74,870	33				
Total Activities	Emplo	Number			2,801	2,865	2,922	8,976	966,8	9,147	32				
	Working owners and partners	With- drawals	\$,000		1	1	t	ı	1	1	t				
	Working and p	Number			1	ı	_ 1	1	1	ı	t				
	Value	added			75,940	76,941	82,280	244,108	253,291	270,086	30				
	Value of shipments of	goods of own manufacture			479,901	495,131	504,944	1,383,649	1,444,821	1,506,302	34	=			
Activities		materials and supplies	\$,000		402,897	415,802	416,889	1,129,759	1,195,200	1,225,565	34				
Manufacturing A		tuel and melectricity			3,513	4,125	4,462	11,946	12,679	13,015	34				
Mar	nd ers	Wages			12,545	14,472	16,154	40,617	45,531	49,013	33				
	Production and related workers	Man-hours paid	000,		4,106	4,327	4,707	13,335	13,676	14,135	33			4	
	P	Number			1,941	1,947	1,964	6,282	6,219	6,226	32				
sti	nəmdəil	dsta3			7	7	7	40	40	41	17				
	Year				Ontario 1965	1966	1967	Canada <sup>2</sup> 1965	1966	1967	Ontario/Canada ratio (%) 1967				
													1 16A F		TALLA

<sup>1 &</sup>quot;Value Added by Manufacture" is computed from value of shipments plus the net change in inventories of finished goods and goods in process, less cost of materials, fuel and electricity.

<sup>2</sup> As published by DBS.

<sup>3</sup> Preliminary figures.

TABLE 2

FUEL AND ELECTRICITY USED IN MANUFACTURING ACTIVITY, ONTARIO, 1966 AND 1967

	Cost	\$,000	1 1 1 1 1	4	506	148	1-	4,462
1967	Quantity		1 1 1 1 1	13,282	1,330,487		1	
	Cost	\$,000	1 1 1 1 1	ا ا مى	445	3,541	1	4,125
1966	Quantity		1 1 1 1 1	27,561 33,540 -	1,193,251		ı	
4: -1	ווווח		Ton	Imp.gal.	Imp.gal. M.Cu.ft.	Pound		
	Description	1. Large establishments reporting commodity detail:	Bituminous coal  (a) From Canadian mines  (b) Imported Sub-bituminous coal (from Alberta mines only) Anthracite coal Lignite coal	Gasoline Fuel oil including kerosene or coal oil Wood	(a) Liquefied petroleum gases (b) Other manufactured gas (c) Natural gas Other fuel	Steam purchased Steam purchased 2. Small establishments not reporting commodity detail:	Estimate for fuel and electricity  3. All establishments:	TOTAL FUEL AND ELECTRICITY USED

TABLE 3

MATERIALS AND SUPPLIES USED, ONTARIO, 1966 AND 1967

Quantity
bb1. 112,775,483
*
+ +
lb. 6,636,582
" 23,285,120
:::
•
•
:

Confidential, included in "All other materials and components used".

Table 3 - Materials and Supplies Used, Ontario, 1966 and 1967 - continued

Cost   Quantity   Cost   Quantity		:	1966		1967	7
Containers and other packaging materials and supplies used Operating, maintenance and repair supplies used (excluding fuel) Amount paid out to others for work done on materials owned by establishments  TOTAL MANUFACTURING ACTIVITY  Burchases of goods for resale in same condition as purchased and supplies  All other materials and supplies  TOTAL  AL INPUT OF MANUFACTURING AND NON-  AL INPUT OF MANUFACTURING ACTIVITIES  AL INPUT OF MANUFACTURING AND NON-  AL INPUT OF MANUFACTURING ACTIVITIES	Description		Quantity	Cost	Quantity	Cost
### Amount paid out to others for work stabilishments  TOTAL  AND TOTAL  ALINPUT OF MANUFACTURING AND NON-  ALINPUT OF MANUFACTURING ACTIVITIES  **COMPACTURING ACTIVITIES**  **COMPACTURING AND NON-  **COMPACTURING ACTIVITIES**  **COMPACTURING AND NON-  **COMPACTURING ACTIVITIES**  **COMPACTURING ACTIVITIE				\$,000		\$,000
Operating, maintenance and repair supplies used (excluding fuel)  Amount paid out to others for work done on materials owned by  TOTAL  -MANUFACTURING ACTIVITY  Purchases of goods for resale in same condition as purchased  All other materials and supplies used  AL INDUT OF MANUFACTURING AND NOW- UFACTURING ACTIVITIES  TOTAL  AL INDUT OF MANUFACTURING AND NOW- UFACTURING ACTIVITIES  6,084  415,802  415,802  415,802  428,886  13,084  12,084  12,084  12,084  12,084  12,084  12,084  12,084				2,760	•	5,753
Amount paid out to others for work done on materials owned by establishments  TOTAL  -MANUFACTURING ACTIVITY  Purchases of goods for resale in same condition as purchased  All other materials and supplies  used  ALINDUT OF MANUFACTURING AND NON-  ALINDUT OF MANUFACTURING AND NON-  ALINDUT OF MANUFACTURING AND NON-  ALINDUT OF WANUFACTURING AND NON-  ALINDUT OF MANUFACTURING AND NON-  ALINDUT OF MAN		A	. :	6,084		8,651
TOTAL  TOTAL  NON-MANUFACTURING ACTIVITY  1. Purchases of goods for resale in same condition as purchased  2. All other materials and supplies  used  TOTAL  TOTAL  TOTAL INPUT OF MANUFACTURING AND NON-MANUFACTURING ACTIVITIES  TOTAL INPUT OF MANUFACTURING ACTIVITIES	Amount paid out to others for done on materials owned by					
TOTAL   NON-MANUFACTURING ACTIVITY   1. Purchases of goods for resale in same condition as purchased   2. All other materials and supplies   used   used   13,084     13,084     TOTAL INPUT OF MANUFACTURING AND NON-     428,886     4428,886     4428,886	establishments		•	2,732	:	3,892
1. Purchases of goods for resale in same condition as purchased  2. All other materials and supplies  TOTAL INPUT OF MANUFACTURING AND NON-  TOTAL INPUT OF MANUFACTURING AND	TOTAL			415,802	. • •	416,889
Purchases of goods for resale in same condition as purchased All other materials and supplies used TOTAL AL INPUT OF MANUFACTURING AND NON- UFACTURING ACTIVITIES 12,281 803 13,084 428,886 4428,886			di -			
All other materials and supplies 803 13,084 13,084 428,886 4428,886 44				12,281	•	10,771
3ING AND NON- 428,886 4428,886			:	803		886
AING AND NON- 428,886	TOTAL			13,084	:	11,759
TOTAL NOR AND SERVICES PERSONS ENBERED CONTINUO USE THO INC.   1   1   1   1   1   1   1   1   1				428,886		428,648
	TOTAL NEW AND BATTORNEYS PROPERTY.	STIBBLES GRED	ONLYGO SEC		8	

TABLE 4

SHIPMENTS OF GOODS, ONTARIO, 1966 AND 1967

, A	MANUFACT  1. Prod  6a  A  Ke	Unit bb1.	Quantity made, for own use for own use * 1 * 42,896,059	Quantity shipped * 1 * 1 * 44,592,210	Value of shipments \$'000	Quantity made, including amounts for own use  *1  44,592,147	1967 Quantity shipped *1	Value of shipments \$`000 *100 *229,206
	tractor fuel Diesel fuel Light fuel oils (No's 2 and 3) Heavy fuel oils (No's 4, 5 and 6) Liquefied petroleum gases (propane, butane, etc.) All other products	= = = =	3,787,484 8,858,590 22,884,222 20,303,550 2,318,446	4,060,383 8,808,446 22,585,056 15,814,160 2,300,938	17,787 36,857 90,940 42,210 6,314 77,349	4,024,444 8,593,492 21,132,342 20,830,111 2,000,417	3,906,091 8,586,415 22,974,398 16,342,833 2,009,564	17,503 36,112 92,742 43,464 6,135 78,448
	2. Amount received in payment for work done on materials and products owned by others  3. LESS adjustments for value of sales taxes,		:	•	406	•	•	1,407
	excise duries and outward transportation charges which could not be deducted from individual commodity items described above TOTAL ADJUSTED VALUE OF SHIPMENTS AND WORK		:	•	69-	÷	:	-74
B	DONE NON-MANUFACTURING ACTIVITY	-Children procedures a sense pro-	:	:	495,131	:	:	504,944
	<ol> <li>Value of shipments of goods purchased and sold in same condition as purchased</li> <li>Other revenues</li> </ol>		•	•	12,347	•		11,021
	TOTAL		• •	• •	13,228		• •	1,216
٠.	TOTAL OUTPUT OF MANUFACTURING AND NON- MANUFACTURING ACTIVITIES		•	:	508,359	•	•	517,181

Confidential, included with "All other products".

TABLE 4A

Stocks On Hand At The Refineries At The End Of December, 1966 AND 1967

	Qua	Quantity
Description	1966	1967
	Bar	Barrels
Crude oil and naphtha, in its natural state,		
from Canadian wells	3,124,468	2,425,699
Motor gasoline	2,674,502	2,864,784
Kerosene, stove oil (No. 1 fuel oil) and		
tractor fuel	265,357	463,264
Diesel fuel	735,965	755,693
Light fuel oils (No's 2 and 3)	3,033,544	1,563,912
Heavy fuel oils (No's 4, 5 and 6)	1,850,585	1,694,549
Petro chemical feed stocks	34,686	53,920
All other products	2,869,239	4,502,471

TABLE 5

EMPLOYMENT AND PAYROLL, ONTARIO, 1966 AND 1967

		1	1966				1967	
Employees	Male	Female	Total	Salaries and wages	Male	Female	Total	Salaries and wages
		Number		\$,000		Number		\$,000
Production and related workers								
Manufacturing	S	*	1,947	14,472	S	*	1,964	16,154
Others	32	ı	32	227	44	1	44	278
Administrative and pffice	S	S	988	7,922	S	S	914	8,475
Sales and distribution	t	ı	ı	ı	1	1	ı	ı
TOTAL EMPLOYEES	2,746	119	2,865	22,622	2,810	112	2,922	24,906

TABLE 6

AND 1967 MONTHLY PRODUCTION EMPLOYEES IN MANUFACTURING ACTIVITY, ONTARIO, 1966

	-		,	
	Male 1 Female	1 Total	Male 1 Female	1 Total
Establishments reporting monthly detail	- -	Number	ber	-
(large establishments only):				
January		1,861		1,892
February		1,862		1,894
March		1,892		1,929
April		1,904		1,972
Мау		1,990		1,962
June		2,035		2,054
July		2,037		2,083
August	_	2,062		2,069
September		1,966		1,976
October		1,940		1,938
November		1,909		1,935
December		1,917		1,859
Averages		1,947		1,964
Small establishments reporting annual averages		1		1
AVERAGE FOR ALL ESTABLISHMENTS		1,947		1,964

the monthly breakdown of employment by sex is not shown as female employment figures are confidential.

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TABLE 7

CALCULATION OF INPUT, OUTPUT AND VALUE ADDED, ONTARIO, 1966 AND 1967

Description		1966 Non			1967 Non	
	Manufacturing activity	manufacturing activity	Total	Manufacturing activity	manufacturing activity	Total
OUTPUT	_		<i>₩</i>	\$,000		
Shipments and other revenue Inventories - Goods of own manufacture:	495,131	13,228	508,359	504,944	12,237	517,181
	8,024 42,369 7,124 41,532		8,024 42,369 7,124 41,532	9,802 39,278 8,024 42,369		9,802 39,278 8,024 42,369
2 Net inventory change	1,737	0 0	1,737	(1,314)		(1,314)
3 Gross output (1+2)	496,869	13,228	510,097	503,630	12,237	515,867
INPUT						
4 Purchases of goods not of own manufacture Inventories - Goods not of own manufacture.	•	12,281	12,281	•	10,771	10,771
Add opening Deduct closing		630	630	0 0	571 673	571 673
5 Cost of goods sold (not of own manufacture)	•	12,341	12,341	•	10,668	10,668
6 Materials, supplies, etc.	415,802	803	416,605	416,889	988	417,877
7 Fuel and electricity	4,125	8	4,125	4,462	f	4,462
8 Gross input (5+6+7)	419,927	13,144	433,071	421,351	11,656	433,007
9 VALUE ADDED (3-8)	76,941	85	77,026	82,280	581	82,860

TABLE 8
INVENTORIES, ONTARIO, 1966 AND 1967

Inventories	190	66	19	67
Hilventones	Opening	Closing	Opening	Closing
1 Manufacturing		book val	ue \$'000	
Materials, supplies, etc.	34,107	32,135	32,135	30,560
Goods in process	7,124	8,024	8,024	9,802
Finished goods of own manufacture	41,532	42,369	42,369	39,278
TOTALS	82,763	82,528	82,528	79,640
2 Non-manufacturing				
Products or materials purchased for resale	630	571	571	673
3 TOTAL INVENTORIES	83,393	83,099	83,099	80,313

NOTE: Opening inventories may differ from the closing inventories of the previous year because of changes in classification, the receipt of revised data, the inclusion of new establishments and the removal of establishments which did not operate during the survey year.

TABLE 9

MAN-HOURS, MANUFACTURING ACTIVITY, ONTARIO, 1966 AND 1967

Man-Hours	1966	1967
	Nun	nber
Total man-hours worked in all manufacturing operations	3,924,795	4,221,452
Total man-hours not worked, but nevertheless paid (e.g. paid vacation, sick leave, statutory holidays, etc)	402,379	485,138
TOTAL MAN-HOURS PAID	4,327,174	4,706,590

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#### LIST OF ESTABLISHMENTS, ONTARIO, 1967

(Does not include establishments classified to other industries, which as a secondary activity, manufacture products typical of this industry)

Establishment	Location
B.P. Refinery Canada Limited	Oakville
The British American Oil Co. Ltd.	800 Bay Street, Toronto 5
Imperial Oil Ltd.	Sarnia
Shell Canada Ltd.	Oakville
Shell Canada Ltd.	Corunna
Sun Oil Company Ltd.	Sarnia
Texaco Canada Ltd.	Port Credit



#### CONCEPTS AND DEFINITIONS

#### ESTABLISHMENT

A manufacturing establishment is typically a factory, mill or plant principally engaged in manufacturing activities. The majority of such establishments are firms but many firms have more than one establishment. Such firms are requested to submit a separate Census of Manufactures report for each manufacturing establishment which can meet the reporting requirements embodied in the following definition of the "establishment":

"The smallest unit which is a separate operating entity capable of reporting the following principal statistics:

Materials and supplies used Goods purchased for resale as such Fuel and power consumed Number of employees and salaries and wages Man-hours worked and paid Inventories Shipments or sales."

Each establishment is required to report on all the activities carried out within its accounting boundaries (except income from investments such as rent, interest and dividends) and data on the different activities (manufacturing, trading in goods not of own manufacture, construction by own labour force, revenue from services, etc.) are requested to be reported separately. It should be noted that the statistics for separate activities are not completely consistent since some respondents cannot distinguish, in their records, materials, shipments and inventories relating solely to their own manufacturing activities. For example, inventory of goods purchased for re-sale may not be distinguishable from inventory of own manufactured goods. Complete consistency, therefore, can be obtained only at the "all operations" (total activity) level and for studies or statistical measures requiring accurate coordinated data, the "total" statistics should be used.

The number of establishments represents the number of operating units that are principally engaged in the activities of the manufacturing industries to which they have been classified. These units do not necessarily represent the total number engaged in the production of a commodity mainly produced in a certain industry. Some commodities are produced as secondary products in other manufacturing and non-manufacturing industries. It should be noted that head offices and auxiliary units which are surveyed separately are not included in the establishment count, (see following notes on head offices and auxiliary units).

#### HEAD OFFICES AND AUXILIARY UNITS

All head offices and auxiliary units of companies classified to the manufacturing industries such as sales offices, administrative offices, warehouses, laboratories, etc. are now surveyed as part of the Census of Manufactures.

These head offices and auxiliary units are either included in an establishment report or are surveyed by means of the head office questionnaire. The former is the most common case where a single establishment firm has its executive personnel, sales office, etc. located at the site of the manufacturing plant (establishment). The special head office questionnaire is generally used where a firm, regardless of the number of establishments, has separately located offices or auxiliary units. Such offices or units do not constitute establishments within the Census of Manufactures as they do not normally generate operational revenues, but give rise only to costs of operations (mainly salaries and wages) which are automatically included in the value of shipments or sales. Although not considered as establishments, and hence, not included in the "establishment" count for an industry, the operational costs are reflected in either the "Industry" statistics (3 or 4 digit level) or the "Major group" statistics (2 digit level) according to the following rules:

- (a) In the case of single establishment firms, statistics for separately located offices and units are classified to the same industry (3 or 4 digit) as the establishment;
- (b) In the case of multi-establishment firms, the statistics for such offices and units are coded to the same industry as the establishments of the firm, when all establishments are in the same industry (3 or 4 digit). When establishments of such firms are coded (1) to different industries within a major group (2) to industries in different major groups or (3) to industries in different divisions of the Standard Industrial Classification, then the statistics are included in the major group totals (2 digit level) in which the major part of the company's operations are classified. Although this may result in some distortion of major group statistics in the case of (2) and (3) the statistics at the industry (3 or 4 digit) level in all cases will be left free of these company-wide data.

#### **EMPLOYEES**

# (a) Production and related workers - Manufacturing activities

In addition to those engaged in production and assembling activities, production and related workers in manufacturing activities include those employed in storing, inspecting, handling, packing, warehousing, etc. They also include employees engaged in maintenance, repair, janitorial and watchman services and line supervisors (working foremen) engaged in similar work to that of the employees they supervise. For those establishments reporting on the "long" form, production and related workers engaged in manufacturing activity are reported as those receiving pay during the last pay period of each month, an average for the year being obtained by summing the monthly figures and dividing by 12. This procedure is followed even though the establishment did not operate in all months in order to arrive at equivalent annual full-time employment. The numbers are somewhat affected by turnover, in that employment is overstated when an employee changes employment during a pay period. In the case of the establishments reporting on the "short" form, respondents are requested to report average annual figures. The manhours of production and related workers in manufacturing activity represent total man-hours paid (total hours at work during the calendar year plus hours not worked but nevertheless paid for, such as paid vacations, sick leave, statutory holidays, etc.) Data on a man-hours are not collected from establishments reporting on the short form. Man-hours for these establishments are estimated. In reporting overtime hours, respondents are requested to report only hours actually at work.

# (b) Production and related workers - Non-manufacturing activities

Such employees include those on manufacturing establishments' payrolls engaged in activities such as construction undertaken for the use of these establishments, some outside piece-workers employed in certain industries, logging employees who are reported as part of a sawmilling establishment and any other production workers who are not engaged in manufacturing-type operations.

#### (c) Administrative and office employees

This category includes all executive and supervisory officials such as presidents, vice-presidents, comptrollers, secretaries, treasurers, etc., together with managers, professional, technical and research employees, superintendents and factory supervisors above the line supervisor or working foreman level, and clerical staffs. Also included are employees in activities such as advertising, credit collections, purchasing, personnel, legal, medical, etc. It should be noted that prior to 1961 this category also included working owners and partners. Also included in this category are employees located at head offices or auxiliary units separately located from the establishment; these are generally included in the figures for the province in which they are located according to the rules outlined under "Head offices and auxiliary units" above.

#### (d) Sales and distribution workers

This category includes office personnel whose salaries are charged to selling expense, travelling salesmen, driver salesmen, truckdrivers and their helpers, etc. It may also include some sales employees who are reported as part of a manufacturing establishment but are not working at the establishment's location. These are generally broken down by province in cases where more than 15 employees are involved in any one province. The figures exclude persons working on a commission basis who are not considered regular employees of the establishment.

# (e) Total employees

This total comprises the foregoing categories including employees located at separately located head offices and auxiliary units. The numbers of employees included under categories (b), (c) and (d) are reported in the form of annual averages and represent as closely as possible full time employment; adjustments are made when reported figures indicate the existence of part time or seasonal employment. In all the above categories, figures on employment refer to the calendar year whether or not other establishment statistics can only be reported on a fiscal year other than the calendar year.

#### WORKING OWNERS OR PARTNERS

These are not now included in the statistics of employees and salaries and wages. There is some duplication in numbers when a person owns more than one establishment and is reported as a working owner on each Census return. With-drawals of working owners are defined as amounts withdrawn by owners or partners for normal living expenses excluding withdrawals for payment of income tax.

### SALARIES AND WAGES

Salaries and wages refer to gross earnings of employees <u>before</u> deductions for income tax and employees contributions to social services such as sickness,

accident and unemployment insurance, pensions, etc. They include all salaries, wages, bonuses, profits shared with employees, the value of room and board where provided, commissions (paid to regular employees only) as well as any other allowance forming part of the worker's earnings. Payments for overtime are included. Figures on salaries and wages refer to the calendar year.

#### FUEL AND ELECTRICITY

Figures for fuel refer to amounts actually used (including fuel used in cars, trucks, locomotives, etc.), not to purchases unless the quantities are substantially the same. Any fuel and electricity produced by establishments for internal consumption are not included in the total cost. Values represent laid down cost at the establishment including freight, duty, etc. Although fuel and electricity used is considered part of manufacturing activity it should be noted that it also includes relatively small amounts used in non-manufacturing activities since these cannot be reported separately.

#### MATERIALS AND SUPPLIES

#### (a) Manufacturing activities

Figures represent quantities and laid down cost values, at the establishment, of materials, supplies and purchased components owned and used during the year in manufacturing activities and related processes. These statistics represent only commodity items of physical goods (cost of services or overhead charges such as advertising, insurance, depreciation, etc. are not included) whether purchased from others or received as transfers (in the form of materials, components or semi-processed goods) from other establishments of the reporting company. Included are maintenance and repair supplies not chargeable to fixed assets accounts and any amounts charged by other establishments for work done on materials owned by the reporting establishment. Cost of repairs or maintenance done by outside contractors and cost of returnable containers are not included.

# (b) Non-manufacturing activities

#### 1. Purchases for re-sale as such

Figures represent cost of materials or products purchased from others by the reporting establishment (or received as transfers from other establishments of the reporting company) for re-sale as such in the same condition as purchased. Included are any finished products received on consignment from other countries.

# 2. Other materials and supplies used

Figures represent the cost of materials and supplies, if any, used in new construction and in the production of machinery and equipment (for the use of the reporting establishment) by the establishment's own employees. Included are materials used for any capital repairs and alterations carried out by the establishment's employees. Amounts paid to outside contractors for construction and repair work are not included nor is the cost of purchased machinery and equipment. Also included is the cost of office supplies not chargeable to fixed assets accounts and the cost of such other items of materials and supplies used as food, beverages and supplies for establishment-operated cafeterias and lunch counters, first aid and medical supplies, laboratory supplies, etc.

#### (a) General

The figures represent revenue from all production, sales, services and related activities of reporting establishments with shipments valued in Canadian dollars at the point at which the establishment relinquishes control. The unsold portion at year end of consignment shipments in Canada is treated as inventory and not as shipments but all shipments to foreign countries for which the form B13 "Customs Canada Export Entry" has been completed, are treated as shipments.

In those industries where work on principal products extends over a relatively long period, (Fabricated Structural Metal Industry, Aircraft and Parts Manufacturers, Railroad Rolling Stock Industry and Shipbuilding and Repair Industry) the value of production rather than the value of shipments is recorded. There are certain establishments in other industries which also operate on a basis of progress payments. For these establishments, shipments are also adjusted to work put in place on the basis of net change in progress payments over the year.

#### (b) Shipments of goods of own manufacture

These figures represent shipments of goods made from own materials either in the reporting establishments or by other manufacturers on the basis of a charge to the reporting establishments for work done. Included are revenue from repair and custom work, amounts received in payment for work done on materials owned by other establishments and the cost (book value) of any goods shipped on a rental basis.

All products and by-products of own manufacture shipped from the establishment are covered, including transfer shipments to sales outlets, distributing warehouses or to other manufacturing plants of the reporting firm, when such units are treated as separate establishments. The value of shipments are net of returned goods, discounts, returns, allowances, sales tax and excise taxes and duties, returnable containers and charges for outward transportation by common or contract carriers. Transportation or delivery expense incurred by the reporting establishment's own carriers are included.

Shipments of goods of own manufacture of establishments which are coded to some other division of the Standard Industrial Classification (on the basis of principal activity) but which are engaged in manufacturing as a subsidiary activity are collected by means of the Commodity questionnaire. Such shipments together with shipments of goods of own manufacture of establishments forming the universe of manufacturing industries are compiled and recorded in the various industry publications.

# (c) Shipments of goods not of own manufacture

These figures represent the net selling value at establishment (net of discounts, returns, allowances, sales taxes and excise duties and taxes and transportation charges by common or contract carriers) of all products or materials (including products transferred from other establishments of the reporting firm) sold as such in the same condition as purchased or received as transfers. For those industries which ship such goods on a rental basis, the value of shipments represents the book value of these goods. All sales of consignment goods from other countries are included.

#### (d) Other revenue

Figures represent the book value of fixed assets, if any, (new construction and machinery and equipment including major repairs, alterations, additions, modifications, installation and assembly work) produced during the year for the use of reporting establishments by the establishment's own employees and for which depreciation accounts are maintained. Included also are any revenues from the sale of electricity and from any operations performed by the establishment's own employees, such as revenue from goods produced or purchased for rental (the book of value of such goods are included as part of shipments of goods of own manufacture or shipments of goods not of own manufacture), servicing revenues, commissions on sales (when not included in value of sales), revenue for company-operated cafeterias and lunch counters and revenue from outside installation or construction work not related to the establishment's own products, sale of used materials (excluding sale of used fixed assets) research and development work, etc. As mentioned previously the figures do not include non-operating revenue such as rent, dividends, interest, etc.

#### INVENTORIES

#### (a) Manufacturing activities

Values represent the book values of manufacturing inventory owned in Canada. Inventories held for which progress payments have been received are not included. Where progress payments accounts are maintained, the change in these accounts is treated as a net adjustment to shipments. Figures consist of inventory owned at the plant and at warehouses or selling outlets which are treated as extensions of establishments for the purpose of reporting shipments. Inventory owned in transit in Canada or on consignment in Canada is included. Goods shipped abroad and held in inventory are included in shipments. Opening inventories may differ from the closing inventories of the previous year because of changes in classification, the receipt of revised data, the inclusion of new establishments and the removal of establishments which did not operate during the survey year.

# (b) Non-manufacturing activities

Figures represent the book value of inventory of goods purchased for resale as such without further processing, owned by the reporting establishments and held at plants and at any warehouses or selling outlets which are treated as extensions of establishments. Other characteristics are the same as in (a) above.

# VALUE ADDED

# (a) By manufacturing activities

Figures are compiled by deducting the cost of manufacturing materials, supplies, etc. and fuel and electricity consumed from the (value of shipments of goods of own manufacture adjusted for changes in the value of inventories of finished goods and goods in process).

# (b) By non-manufacturing activities

The figures are compiled by deducting the cost of goods purchased for resale (adjusted for changes in the value of inventories of goods purchased for resale) and the cost of non-manufacturing materials and supplies used from the value of shipments of goods not of own manufacture, plus other revenue.

#### (c) By total activities

The figures consist of value added by manufacturing activities plus value added by non-manufacturing activities. This total value added figure may, in some cases, be less than value added by manufacturing activities as a result of expenditures associated with non-manufacturing exceeding revenues from such activities or because of a decrease in inventory of goods not of own manufacture exceeding the mark-up on the sale of such goods. "Value added" is sometimes referred to as net output or net production.

#### **PUBLICATIONS**

This publication is prepared annually by the Ontario Statistical Centre of the Economic and Statistical Services Division, Department of Treasury and Economics. In addition to this report, annual statistics are published on other manufacturing industries. Publications listed below can be obtained from the Ontario Statistical Centre, Queen's Park, Toronto, Canada.

Catalogue Number	Industry Title
5 - 1430 5 - 1470 5 - 1510 5 - 1530	Distilleries Wineries Leaf Tobacco Processors Tobacco Products Manufacturers
5 - 3230	Motor Vehicle Manufacturers
5 - 3652	Manufacturers of Lubricating Oils & Greases

